

Gardener's Revolution® Classic Vine Planter

Strong, sizable, and stylish, this self-watering patio planter complements any setting, from traditional to contemporary. The container is vented, has a fabric liner, and features our exclusive Dual-Hydrate Watering System to ensure dense, vigorous root systems. The planter is designed to grow healthy cucumbers, peas, morning glories or other vines.

Parts List

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| (1) Planter | (2) Tie Down Systems (Tubes and Cords) |
| (1) Grow Bag | (1) Upper Trellis |
| (1) Capillary Strip | (1) Lower Trellis |
| (6) Support Uprights | (5) Cable Ties |
| (4) Support Connectors | |
| (2) Support Caps | |

Assembly

NOTE: If you have the optional Casters (sold separately), start by inserting them into the holes on the bottom of the Planter (Figure 1). If necessary, use a Rubber Mallet to tap them into place.

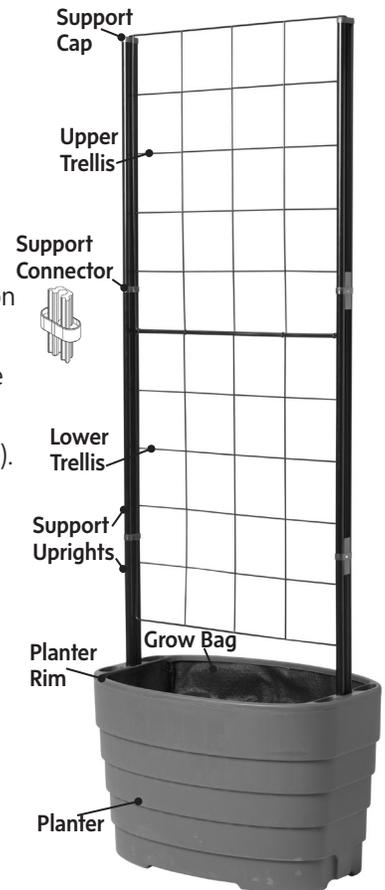
Step 1. Install the Capillary Strip in the bottom of the planting area by inserting both ends of the strip into the wider slots, as shown in Figure 2.

Step 2. Examine the Support Uprights to determine the front (mostly flat) and back (more open). Slide a Support Upright into the middle hole on each side of the Planter's rim, with the flat side facing in (Figure 3). **Important:** Make sure to slide the Uprights all the way down until they are fully seated in the Planter.

Step 3. Place the Grow Bag into the Planter, tucking the edges under the Planter's rim.

Step 4. Mix 2 cups of fertilizer into 60 quarts of potting mix and pre-moisten. **NOTE:** We recommend our Organic Self-Watering Potting Mix, as well as a slow-release granular fertilizer, such as our GSC Organic All Purpose Fertilizer. Fill your planter to within 1" to 2" of the top edge and add your plants. Water the planter from the top to thoroughly moisten the soil and settle the plant roots. Fill the reservoir using the water fill holes on the sides of the Planter (Figure 3).

Step 5. Assemble the Tie Down Systems by sliding a cord through each tube. Slide the tubes into the slots on the open sides of the Support Uprights, as shown in Figure 4. Slide them down until they sit directly on top of the Planter.



over please

Figure 1

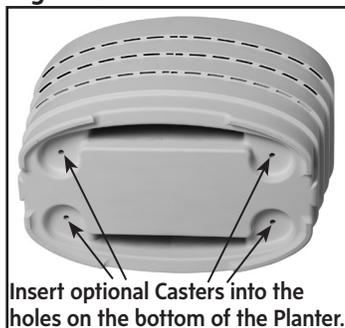


Figure 2

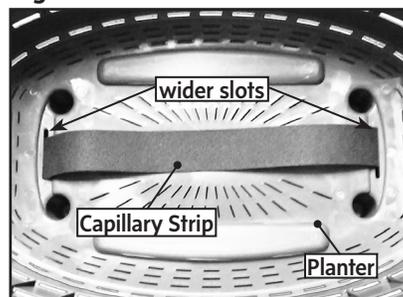


Figure 3

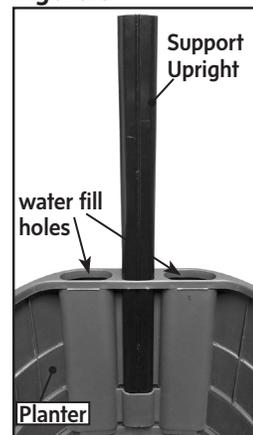
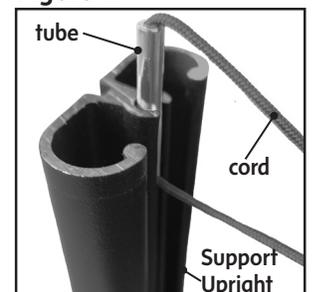


Figure 4



Step 7. Slide a Support Connector onto both of the attached Support Uprights as shown in Figure 5. Slide another Support Upright onto the top half of each Support Connector. Repeat to attach the remaining Supports and place the Support Caps on top with the holes closer to the outside of the Planter (Figure 7).

Step 8. Notice how the Support Connectors have slots to clip the Trellis pieces into (Figure 6). Slide the hooked ends of the Upper Trellis into the holes in the Support Caps (Figure 7) and clip the Trellis's edges into the slots on the top set of Support Connectors.

Step 9. Clip the Lower Trellis into slots on the lower set of Support Connectors and adjust it so the top edge lines up with the bottom edge of the Upper Trellis.

Step 10. Place Cable Ties around the connecting edges of the Trellis pieces to secure them together (Figure 6). Use scissors to snip off the excess ends of the Cable Ties.

Step 11. Use the Tie Down Systems to tie the Planter to a post a railing. **NOTE:** This helps anchor the Planter and provide additional stability. To provide the best support, we recommend keeping the Tie Down Systems as close the Planter Rim as possible.

Figure 5

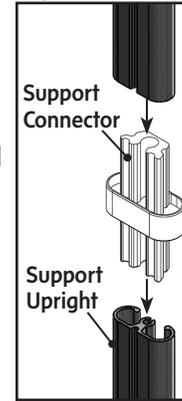


Figure 6

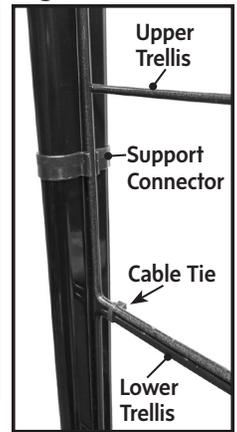


Figure 7



Planting and Care Tips

- We recommend adding 2 more cups of fertilizer 4-6 weeks after planting. Gently rake the fertilizer into the soil around the plants and then top water to help disperse it. Add 1 more cup of fertilizer 4 weeks after that.
- Water your plant from the top and fill the reservoir to extend time between watering. Check your soil moisture regularly. Daily inspection may be necessary, especially if you live in a hot, dry climate or experience extended periods of dry weather. If the soil dries out, refill the reservoir and water thoroughly from above to re-establish the wicking action.
- In hot zones, we recommend placing the planter in a spot that gets afternoon shade.

About Drainage: This planter has built-in overflow drainage, so when the water reservoir is full, any excess water will drain out. The draining water can stain surfaces under the planter.

For more articles and tips on growing vining plants, please visit us at www.gardeners.com.