

GARDENERS

SUPPLY COMPANY

Terrarium Plant Collections Care Guide

Terrariums and dish gardens are an opportunity for you to create a miniature oasis using plants, natural materials, curios and found objects. They invite you in for a closer look and are an easy-care way to green up your home.

Terrarium Tips

- Closed terrariums hold more humidity and create a jungle-like atmosphere, ideal for ferns and tropical foliage plants.
- Open terrariums and dish gardens are ideal for succulents and other plants that prefer low to medium humidity.
- Combine plants with similar light, humidity and soil moisture requirements.
- South- and west-facing windows provide bright light. East windows offer medium light levels. Fluorescent lights and north-facing windows provide low to medium light.
- Because terrariums and dish gardens may not have drainage holes, take care not to overwater plants. Don't allow plants to sit in water or in overly wet soil for long periods.
- Keep your miniature garden between 55 and 75 degrees F.

Succulents

Light: Medium to bright

Soil moisture: Water sparingly, allowing soil to dry out between waterings

Humidity: Low to medium humidity



Tropical Foliage Plants

Light: Low to medium

Soil moisture: Moderate

Humidity: Medium to high



Ferns

Light: Low to medium

Soil moisture: Moderate

Humidity: Medium to high



Mini Blooming Kalanchoe

Light: Medium to bright light

Soil moisture: Moderate

Humidity: Low to medium

Blooms will last for 3 to 6 weeks.

Do not fertilize during bloom

Plant should rebloom in 10 to 16 weeks



Mini Blooming Rose

Light: Bright

Soil moisture: Moderate

Humidity: Low to medium

Blooms will last for 7 to 14 days

Repot in larger container after plant has finished blooming

Fertilize every 3 to 4 weeks



Important: As soon as you receive your plants, please remove them from their packaging. Check soil moisture and water if necessary.